## Package: comclim (via r-universe)

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Title Community Climate Statistics

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Author Benjamin Blonder

Maintainer Benjamin Blonder <benjamin.blonder@berkeley.edu>

**Description** Computes community climate statistics for volume and mismatch using species' climate niches either unscaled or scaled relative to a regional species pool. These statistics can be used to describe biogeographic patterns and infer community assembly processes. Includes a vignette outlining usage.

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**Depends** methods, R (>= 3.0.0)

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comclim-package

#### Community climate analysis

#### Description

Computes community climate statistics for volume and mismatch using species' climate niches either unscaled or scaled relative to a regional species pool. These statistics can be used to describe biogeographic patterns and infer community assembly processes.

#### Author(s)

Benjamin Blonder <bblonder@gmail.com>

#### References

Blonder, B., Nogues-Bravo, D., et al. Linking environmental filtering and disequilibrium to biogeography with a community climate framework *Ecology* (2014).

climatedeviations *Reports community climate deviations*.

#### Description

Helper function to report community climate deviations. Deviations are calculated as standard effect sizes using a robust estimator as (x - quantile(null, 0.5)) / (quantile(null, 0.75) - quantile(null, 0.25)). Two-tailed p-values are also calculated by recentering the observed and null values to the null distribution mean, then determining the probability that the recentered observed value is either less than the null, or greater than the null.

#### Usage

```
climatedeviations(object)
```

#### Arguments

object A CommunityClimateStatistics object.

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#### climatestatistics

#### Value

A named list of deviations, with each element containing a standard effect size (ses) and two-tailed p-value (pvalue) for each deviation

climatestatistics Reports observed climate statistics

#### Description

Helper function to report community climate statistics for the real community, i.e. not corrected for any null model.

#### Usage

```
climatestatistics(object)
```

#### Arguments

object	A CommunityClimateStatistics of	biect

#### Value

A named list: meanNiches A dataframe with columns corresponding to climate axes, and one row for each species in the community. Each observation is the mean climate niche of that species at tinf. inferredClimate A vector with names corresponding to climate axes, representing the inferred climate determined by overlapping niches of all species in the community at tinf. observedClimate A vector with names corresponding to climate axes, representing the observed climate at tobs. volumeMagnitude A number representing the climate volume at tinf (Delta)

#### mismatchMagnitude

A number representing the magnitude of the climate mismatch at tinf relative to the climate at tobs (Lambda)

mismatchDirections

A vector with names corresponding to climate axes, representing the climate mismatch projected along each axis at tinf relative to the climate at tobs.

communityclimate Community climate analysis

#### Description

Performs a community climate analysis. The algorithm first computes the inferred climate at tinf based on sampling from the climate niches of the species in a community at tinf relative to the observed climate at tobs, and determines their volume at tinf (Delta) and mismatch at tinf relative to tobs (Lambda). The algorithm then repeats the process for a large set of null communities, performing a richness-preserving weighted sample with replacement from the regional pool, and creates a null distribution of Delta and Lambda. Finally, community climate deviations (delta and lambda) are computed as robust standard effect sizes based on the observed and null values.

Values of delta < 0 indicate environmental filtering at tinf, while values > 0 indicate environmental permissiveness at tinf and values = 0 indicate no difference between regional and local processes at tinf. Values of lambda < 0 indicate environmental equilibrium at tinf relative to climate at tobs, while values > 0 indicate environmental disequilibrium and values = 0 indicate no difference between regional and local processes for species at tinf relative to tobs.

Actual values of Delta and Lambda indicate the absolute levels of climate space occupancy (Delta) at tinf, or absolute mismatch between community composition at tinf and local climate at tobs (Lambda).

The function assumes that climate axes are on comparable (rescaled) axes, but does not test for this. You are responsible for inputting appropriate data.

#### Usage

```
communityclimate(object, climateaxes = NULL,
    numreplicates = 100, numsamplesperspecies = 100, verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

object	A CommunityClimateInput-class object describing the local species compo- sition at tinf, the regional pool (and sampling weights, if provided) at tinf, the climate niches of all species at tinf, and the observed climate at tobs.	
climateaxes	A named vector with the climate axes to be considered, e.g. a subset of all of the axes.	
numreplicates	Number of null models to run. Larger values give more accurate p-values and effect sizes.	
numsamplesperspecies		
	Number of random samples from the climate niche of each species for each pass of the algorithm. Larger values give more accurate results.	
verbose	A logical flag. If true, prints output to track progress of the algorithm.	

#### Value

A CommunityClimateStatistics object.

#### References

For more information, see the journal article described in comclim-package.

#### See Also

inputcommunitydata, climatedeviations, climatestatistics, CommunityClimateStatistics-class

#### Examples

```
# three dimensional analysis
# by construction of the example, should yield inferences of
# delta < 0 (environmental filtering) and
# lambda < 0 (environmental equilibrium)
# (uncomment next five lines - not run for CRAN speed)
# community_richness_5 <- generatedemodata()
# result_community <- communityclimate(community_richness_5,
# climateaxes=c("ClimateAxis1","ClimateAxis2","ClimateAxis3"),
# numreplicates=25)
# summary(result_community)
```

CommunityClimateInput-class Class "CommunityClimateInput"

#### Description

A class used to compactly store input for community climate analysis. Can be plotted.

#### **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("CommunityClimateInput", ...).

#### Slots

- regional\_pool\_tinf: Object of class "character". The names of species in the the regional pool for the local community at tinf.

- regional\_pool\_weights\_tinf: Object of class "numeric" A numeric vector with same length as regional\_pool\_tinf, corresponding to sampling weights at tinf. Does not need to sum to one; will be normalized. If left empty, will be auto-filled with all 1s (i.e. uniform sampling).
- climate\_niches\_tinf: Object of class "data.frame". A dataframe with climate niche information for all species in the local community and regional pool at tinf. Should have a taxon column, and then any number of other columns corresponding to climate axes. Each row represents an observation of the species with a given taxon name. Usually you will fill this dataframe by mapping geographic occurrences of species into climate space.
- observed\_climate\_tobs: Object of class "numeric" A named numeric vector with names corresponding to the same climate axes as in climate\_niches\_tinf. Represents the observed climate at tobs.

#### See Also

plot.CommunityClimateInput

#### Examples

community\_richness\_5 <- generatedemodata()</pre>

summary(community\_richness\_5)

CommunityClimateStatistics-class

Class "CommunityClimateStatistics"

#### Description

A class used to compactly store output of community climate analysis. Can be summarized and plotted.

#### **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("CommunityClimateStatistics", ...).

#### Slots

- obsStats: Object of class "list" A list with elements reflecting community climate statistics. See climatestatistics for a helper function and more information.
- nullStats: Object of class "list" A list of lists, corresponding to output similar to obsStats for each null community.
- deviations: Object of class "list" A lis with elements reflecting community climate deviations. See climatedeviations for a helper function and more information.

generatedemodata

## Description

Creates a CommunityClimateInput-class object for usage in demos. Creates a regional pool of species with normally distributed climate niches within some region of climate space. Then chooses a subset of these species with climate niches closer to the origin to represent the local community, and defines an observed climate at another location in climate space.

#### Usage

```
generatedemodata(num_regionalpool = 50, num_community = 5,
num_occurrences = 40, num_climateaxes = 3, observed = 0)
```

#### Arguments

num_regionalpool	
	Number of species in the regional pool
num_community	Number of species in the local community
num_occurrences	
	Number of occurrences to simulate as the basis for each species' climate niche
num_climateaxes	5
	Number of climate axes
observed	The location of the observed climate. Must be a scalar; the function will copy the value to all axes.

#### Value

A CommunityClimateInput-class object.

#### Examples

# a five-dimensional climate space with ten species in the local community community\_demo <- generatedemodata(num\_community=10, num\_climateaxes=5)</pre> inputcommunitydata Input data for community climate analysis

#### Description

A helper function to streamline data formatting

#### Usage

```
inputcommunitydata(localcommunity, regionalpool,
    regionalpoolweights = numeric(), climateniches, observedclimate)
```

#### Arguments

local community The names of species in the local community at tinf.

regionalpool	The names of species in the the regional pool for the local community at tinf.	
regionalpoolweights		
	A numeric vector with same length as regional_pool_tinf, corresponding to sampling weights at tinf. Does not need to sum to one; will be normalized. If left empty, will be auto-filled with all 1s (i.e. uniform sampling).	
climateniches	A dataframe with climate niche information for all species in the local com- munity and regional pool at tinf. Should have a taxon column, and then any number of other columns corresponding to climate axes. Each row represents an observation of the species with a given taxon name. Usually you will fill this dataframe by mapping geographic occurrences of species into climate space.	
observedclimate		
	A named numeric vector with names corresponding to the same climate axes as in climate_niches_tinf. Represents the observed climate at tobs.	

#### Value

A CommunityClimateInput-class object.

plot.CommunityClimateInput

Pairs plot of species and regional pool in climate space

## Description

Produces a pairs plot representing a multidimensional climate space. The species in the community are drawn in a contrasting fashion to the species in the regional pool.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CommunityClimateInput'
plot(x, climateaxes = NULL, axisnames = NULL,
    cex.community = 0.5, cex.pool = 0.25,
    pch.community = 16, pch.pool = 16,
    colors = "rainbow", ...)
```

#### Arguments

x	A CommunityClimateInput object to be plotted.
climateaxes	A vector of climate axes to be plotted, usually a subset of the axes in object. If empty, defaults to all axes.
axisnames	Label text for the climate axes.
cex.community	Expansion factor for the local community's species.
cex.pool	Expansion factor for the regional pool's species.
pch.community	Plotting symbol for the local community's species.
pch.pool	Plotting symbol for the regional pool's species.
colors	The name of a function used to give a color each species.
	Other arguments to be passed to plot commands

#### Value

None. Used for the side-effect of producing a plot.

#### Examples

community\_richness\_5 <- generatedemodata()</pre>

plot(community\_richness\_5)

plot.CommunityClimateStatistics

Draws community climate diagram.

#### Description

Produces either a deviations plot or a community climate diagram. The deviations plot compares null distributions (black) and observed values (red) for volume, mismatch, and mismatch along each axis, along with the interquartile range of null values. The community climate diagram shows the location of the community (red points) and null communities (black points) in climate space at tinf, and compares it to the observed climate at tobs (open black point). The climate volume for each is shown as a circle, and the climate mismatch is shown as a vector connecting the inferred climate at tinf to the observed climate at tobs.

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CommunityClimateStatistics'
plot(x, deviations = FALSE, axisnames = NULL,
    nnull = 10, cex.axis = 0.7, cex.nullpoints = 0.3,
    cex.obspoints = 0.5, cex.names = 1.5, ...)
```

#### Arguments

х	A CommunityClimateStatistics object to be plotted
deviations	If TRUE, produces a deviations plot; if FALSE, produces a community climate diagram. All subsequent options are applicable only when deviations=FALSE.
axisnames	Labels to be drawn for each climate axis.
nnull	Number of null simulations to be drawn on the diagram; lower values may pro- duce clearer plots.
cex.axis	Expansion factor for the axis ticks.
cex.nullpoints	Expansion factor for the null points.
cex.obspoints	Expansion factor for the observed points.
cex.names	Expansion factor for the climate axis labels.
	Other arguments to be passed to plot commands

#### Value

None; used for the side-effect of producing a plot.

#### Examples

```
# (uncomment next six lines - not run for CRAN speed)
# community_richness_5 <- generatedemodata()
# result_community <- communityclimate(community_richness_5,
# climateaxes=c("ClimateAxis1","ClimateAxis2","ClimateAxis3"),
# numreplicates=25)
# plot(result_community,deviations=TRUE)  # deviations plot
# plot(result_community,deviations=FALSE)  # community climate diagram</pre>
```

summary.CommunityClimateInput

Summarizes community climate input

#### Description

Summarizes community climate input

## Usage

## S3 method for class 'CommunityClimateInput'
summary(object, ...)

## Arguments

object	The object to be summarized
	Other arguments to be passed

summary.CommunityClimateStatistics

Summarizes community climate statistics

## Description

Summarizes community climate statistics

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'CommunityClimateStatistics'
summary(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	The object to be summarized
	Other arguments to be passed

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